P.3 Research Work MATHEMATICS WEEK ONE

1.	Add; 3 8 + 4 1	5	If set K = {0, 1, 2, 3, 4} How many members are in set K?
2.	Fill in the missing numbers. 10, 20, 30,,	6.	A pen costs Shs. 500. What is the cost of 6 similar pens.
3.	Shade (AUB) A B	7.	Draw a square in the space below.
4.	Write the LXIII in Hindu- Arabic numerals.	8.	Write 3842 in words.

_	[l	[
9.	Multiply; 3 1 4 X 4	13.	Divide;3 \sqrt{6 0 3}
10.	Name the set symbol.	14.	What number has been expanded to give? 5000 + 900 + 3?
11.	Work out the perimeter of the figure below.	15.	How many days are in 3 weeks?
12.	Find the place value of 2 in 2031.	16.	Given that set Q = {a, b, c, d, e, f} Set P = { r, , e, n, d } Show the information in a venn diagram.

b)	Find (i) (Q∩P)	ii)	Value of m =
c)	NQUP)	iii)	Value of n
17.	Find the values of each un known letter. n 4 30 r 6x 3 k	iv)	Value of r =
	36	18. a) b)	Use >, < or = to, complete the qualities. 2 weeks A fortnight. 24 months a year
i)	Value of k =	c) d)	250g 500g 12 ÷ 3 3 x 4

19.	Draw the following shapes.	d)	r ÷ 3 = 18
a)			
	cube kite		WEEK II
b)	Name the shapes below.	1.	Subtract; 9 6
			<u>- 3 5</u>
20.	Solve for the unknown.	2.	Show 183 on the abacus.
a)	W + 8 = 13		H T 0
b)	n - 1 = 2		
		3.	Name the geometrical shape below.
c)	k x 6 = 42	-	

4.	Arrange the marks below starting from the smallest. 63, 48, 29, 70	8.	Work out; 4 x 6 using repeated addition.
5.	Write 348in expanded form.	9.	Show a quarter past 8 o'clock on the clock face.
6.	Fill in the missing number. + 4 = 10	10.	Write 69 in Roman numerals.
7.	If stands for 5 houses. How many houses are shown by	11.	Work out using a numberline. 2 x 3 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

12.	A stool has 3 legs. How many legs do 7 stools have?	16.	Use t,	-, ÷ 0	r x	to co	mple	te.	
	do 7 stoolo flavo.	i)	7			- 5	= 12		
		ii)	6			2 =	= 12		
		iii)	19			- 7	= 12		
		iv)	36			3 :	= 12		
13.	Draw a cuboid below	17.	Comple	ete the	e ma	gic so	quare	e belo)W.
				7	k		5		
			_	r	4		У		
				3	m		1		
14.	Solve for m		k =						
	m ÷ 4 = 12		m =						
			y =						
			r =						
15.	Work out	18.	Comple	ete the	e tab	le be	low.		
	6 tens + 2 ones.		Nº of flie	es	1		5	7	
			Nº of le	gs	6	18			12

19.	Paul made the shopping below.	20.	Convert the following.
	A geometry set sh. 1,800 A cutter sh. 1,100 A razorblade sh. 200	a)	3kg to grams.
a)	What item costs the least amount?		
		b)	2 hours to minutes
b)	How much can 4 cutters cost?		
		c)	500cm to metres.
c)	What is the total cost of a geometry set and a razorblade?		

LITERACY I B

WEEK ONE

LOCATION OF OUR SUB - COUNTY

1.	Write E.M.C in full.
2.	In which municipality is our school found?
3.	Write the two divisions of Entebbe municipality. i)
4.	In which division of Entebbe is our school found?
5.	Along which road is your school found?
6.	Write the name of your country?
7.	Mention any two important places in Entebbe municipality. i)ii)i
8.	Which title is given to a person who heads a municipality?
9.	Who is the mayor of Entebbe Municipality?
10.	Which lake neighbours your school?

SECTION B

11. a) What are physical features?
b) Write down any four examples of physical features. i)
ii)
iii)
iv)
c) Give another name for physical features.
d) Which physical feature covers the largest part of our sub – county?
12. a) Name the largest lake in our sub – county.
b) Write any two other lakes in Uganda. i)
ii)c) Name the lake which provides salt to the people around it.
d) Give two ways how lakes are important.
ii)
13. a) Which instrument is used to show direction?
b) Name any two ways of locating places.
ii)
c) How is a compass important to a pilot?

d)	d) Write down any two groups of people who use a compass while at work.	
	i)	
	ii)	
14. a)	What is a swamp?	
b)	Give another name of a swamp.	
c)	Name any two crops which grow well in the swamp.	
	i)	
	ii)	
d)	Outline any two importance of swamps.	
	i)	
4- 1	ii)	
15. L	Jse the diagram below to answer questions that follow.	
	A P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	
a) l	Name the features.	
	A	
	В	
	C	
	D	
b) '	What is a valley?	
	i)	
	ii)	
c)	What name is given to the top most part of a mountain?	

WEEK TWO

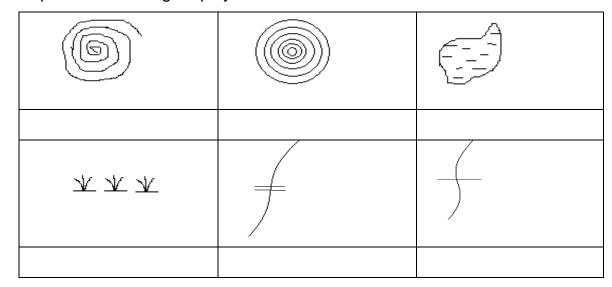
PEOPLE IN OUR SUB-COUNTY

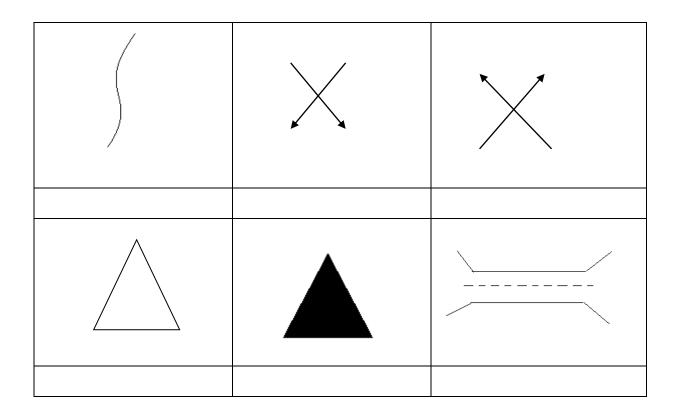
1.	Which term is used to me speaking related language	ean a group of people with the same origin and ages?			
2.	•	mples of ethnic groups in our sub - county.			
3.	·	group in your sub – county.			
4.	Which tribe speaks Lug	anda?			
5.	Mention the largest tribe	e in your sub – county.			
SE	ECTION B				
6.	Write down the language spoken by the following tribes.				
	_				
	Basoga				
	•				
	_				
_					
7.	Match the following tribe	·			
	Baganda	sweet potatoes			
	Basoga	matoke			
	Banyankole	Irish potatoes			
	Bakiga	millet			
	Bagishu	matoke			

Baganda	
Basoga	
Banyankole	
Davis	
Bakiga	
3. a) Which term is used to mean	n activities done by people to earn a living?
b) Mention any two activities do	ne by people in your sub – county to earn
a living.	
i)	
ii)	
c) Give two reasons why peop	le work?
i)	

Interpret the following map symbols. 9.

8.





10. a)	Which term is used to mean marks or signs which help a map reader
	understand the map easily?

h١	Nama	any three	alamanta	of a	good map.	
D)	mame	any unee	elements	oı a	good map.	

i)	
,	

- c) Give the importance of the following map elements.
- i) Key _____
- ii) Compass direction _____
- iii) Scale _____

LITERACY I A

WEEK ONE

SOIL

. W	hat is soil?
. M e	ention any two soil components.
	i)
	ii)
Su	ggest one reason why humus is important in the soil.
Na	ame the best soil for making bricks.
	am soil. I have big particles. I also allow water pass through me easily and I am commonly used for
	ate any two uses of soil to man.
	i)
	ii) derline the odd man out from the groups of words given below.
i)	Clay soil, loam soil, top soil, sand soil
ii)	Water, wind, humus, rock particles.
iii) Parent rock, sub soil, top soil, living organisms

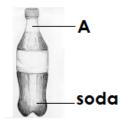
Decomposition is the		weathering	decay	rocks	particles	plants	process	
soil while is the breaking down of into small to form soil. Changes in our environment 1. What are natural changes? 2. List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environing in the second process of the second process	D	ecomposition is	s the			by which d	lead	
into small to form soil. Changes in our environment 1. What are natural changes? 2. List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environment i) ii)	_		ar	nd animals	6		_ to form	
2. List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environment i)	so	il while		is	the breaking o	down of		
1. What are natural changes? 2. List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environtial iii) iii) 3. Outline two examples of natural changes that take place in plants. i) ii) 4. What is soil erosion? 5. Write down two agents of soil erosion. i) ii) 6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion.	int	o small		to fo	rm soil.			
2. List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environment of the control o	<u>Chan</u>	iges in our en	vironment	<u>t</u>				
 List down three examples of man-made (artificial) changes in our environt in the control of the co	1.	What are natu	ıral change	es?				
 i) ii) iii) 3. Outline two examples of natural changes that take place in plants. i) ii) 4. What is soil erosion? 5. Write down two agents of soil erosion. i) ii) iii) 6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion. 								
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 iii)		;;\						
 i) ii) 4. What is soil erosion? 5. Write down two agents of soil erosion. i) ii) ii) 6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion. 		,						
 ii)	3.	Outline two ex	camples of	natural c	hanges that to	ake place ir	n plants.	
 4. What is soil erosion? 5. Write down two agents of soil erosion. i)		•						_
i) ii) 6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion.	4.	,	rosion?					_
ii) 6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion.	5.	Write down tw	o agents o	of soil ero	sion.			_
6. Mention two ways of controlling soil erosion.		i)						_
		ii)						_
i)	6.	Mention two w	vays of cor	ntrolling so	oil erosion.			
ii)		,						_

8. Fill in the correct word to complete the story below. (Choose from the words given below)

	1. Name two examples of frees lound in y	
	i)	
	ii)	
8.	8. Give any two reasons why people plant	trees.
	i)	
	ii)	
9.	9. Define the following terms.	
	(a) Deforestation	
	(b) Afforestation	
	(b) Anorestation	
<u>′EA</u>	EATHER	
/EA 1.		ily condition of atmosphere at a giv
		ily condition of atmosphere at a giv
1.	1 is the da	
1.	1 is the da place and time.	
1.	1 is the daplace and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known.	ily condition of atmosphere at a giv
1.	 is the date of the place and time. Name the four types of weather you known; i) 	W.
1.	 1 is the dan place and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known; i) ii) 	W.
1.	1 is the dan place and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known i) ii) iii) iii)	W.
1.	1 is the dan place and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known i) ii) iii) iii) iv)	ents of weather. Apart from wind,
1.	1 is the dan place and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known i) ii) iii) iii) iv) 3. Weather makers are the factors or elements.	ents of weather. Apart from wind,
1.	1 is the date place and time. 2. Name the four types of weather you known i) ii) iii) iii) iv) 3. Weather makers are the factors or elementation and any other two examples of weather is the date.	ents of weather. Apart from wind,

5	. Outline two uses of the sun to man.
	i)
6	ii) i. Name the type of clouds which bring us rain.
7	. Identify the activities done by farmers in each of the following seasons.
	(a) Wet season
	(b) Dry season
WE	EK TWO
AIR	
1. G	Give the difference between air and wind.
	Air is made up of four gases and nitrogen is one of those gases.
	State the three other gases that have not been mentioned.
i) ii	
	i)
3.	Mention two examples of rare gases.
i)	
ii)
4. \	Which component of air occupies the biggest percentage in the atmosphere
5. V	Vrite down two places where we can find fire extinguishers.
	i)
	ii)

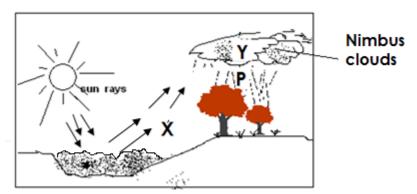
Study the diagram below and answer question 6.



6.	Name the gas found in space labeled A.
7.	Why is carbon dioxide gas important to plants?
8.	What do we call moving air?
	THE SUN
1.	Name two types of energy got from the sun.
	i)
	ii)
2.	State the type of electricity got from the sun.
3.	Give one use of the sun to plants.
4.	Which type of vitamin do we get from the sun?
5.	Give one example of an opaque object.
6.	State any two uses of shadows to man.
	i)
	ii)

RAIN (WATER CYCLE)

1. Study the diagram below and answer questions that follow.



1.	a)	Name	the	process	marked;
----	----	------	-----	---------	---------

i) X			
,			

b) Give one use of part marked P to animals.

2. Suggest any two dangers of too much rain to man.

i)	
,	

- ii) ______
- 3. Give the importance of a rain gauge at the weather station.

ENGLISH

Fill in the	e missing letters.				
a) N _	rth	c) Ike			
b) b _	twen	d) dctor			
2. Write	e these words correctly.				
a) ckcd	e) e	dgebri			
b) rms	sto f) s	shfi			
c) nsu	g)	pta			
d) ilso	h)	tpo			
3. Use the suitable words to fill the gaps below.					
a) Is	smiled the baby I	ast evening.			
b) Sh	he was lookinghe	er lost book.			
c) My	ly parents are proud	my work.			
d) We	e come to school	foot.			
4. Use the words given in the brackets correctly to complete the sentences.					
a) She	e to school eve	ery day. (go)			
b) We	eto town last week. (w	valk)			
c) Th	ne children are o	n the chairs in the class. (sit)			
d) Th	ney willhand	s for the teacher tomorrow.(clap)			

a) sit, set, sang, sitting
b) pond, swamp, river, well
c) hit, hello, heat, hat
6. Write the opposites of the underlined words.
a) It was such a <u>long</u> story
b) They <u>planted</u> crops very late.
c) Rain water is <u>cold.</u>
7. Re-write as instructed in the brackets.
a) He did not die. He took poison. (Use:but)
b) Harriet is the girl. She has a nice dress. (Use:who)
c) Ali was playing on the road. Ali was knocked yesterday. (Use:because

5. Arrange in alphabetical order.

	I can't enter the h	nouse (llse: too	, to)	
) She liked re	eading more than v	writing. (Use:p	refer)	
lake correct s	entences from th	ne table below.		
	Bosco		well?	
	Agnes		jerrycan?	
Did	Jonah	clean the	tank?	
	he		drum?	
	Mary	play the	pot?	
	Joy		guitar?	

Read the poem and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

I hate you
Whoever you are
Clay, sand, loam and murram
You are the same.
Dirty soil! Dirty soil!
I hate you
When it shines
You become dust
causing flu and eye diseases
Dirty soil! Dirty soil!
When it rains
you become mud
making me dirty
I can never be smart.
By Winnie Nyenga
Questions.
1. What is the poem about?
List down the three types of soil mentioned in the poem. i)
ii)
iii)
3. What does soil become when it shines?
4. What does dust cause?

5.	What does soil become when it rains?
6.	What does mud do to the writer?
7.	How many stanzas does the poem have?
8.	Who wrote the poem?
Ch	noose a word from the box and fill in the gaps correctly.
rai	in, cold, dark, because, clouds, wind, most, sky, cloudy, nimbus
	ouds cover the sun in the and make itwhen e sky is covered with clouds. We call it a weather. This
	eather is not blowing
	the atmosphere. There are different types ofnamely
	, cirrus, stratus and cumulus clouds. All the clouds are
im	portant in different ways but the useful are nimbus clouds
	they provides us with
Wı	rite a composition about the P.3 field trip in the space provided below.